⁵¹V NMR chemical shifts...

CHEMISTRY **A EUROPEAN JOURNAL**

... calculated from QM/MM models of vanadium chloroperoxidase were used to shed light on the protonation state and hydrogenbond network in the active site of the enzyme. In their Full Paper on page 4723 ff., M. Bühl et al. describe the first QM/MM-based ⁵¹V NMR chemical-shift computations for an entire enzyme.







NETHER-LANDS





Belgium









Portugai



POLAND











SWEDEN



Chemistry—A European Journal is jointly owned by the 14 Chemical Societies shown above and published by Wiley-VCH. This group of Societies has banded together as the **Editorial Union of Chemical Societies (EU** ChemSoc) for its combined publishing activities.



Sensor Arrays

In their Concept article on page 4700 ff., E. V. Anslyn and B. E. Collins describe the current developments in the use of sensor arrays of synthetic receptors for fingerprinting proteins, peptides, and amino acids. The power of differential arrays of synthetic receptors is evident for protein recognition.

Organocatalysis

In their Full Paper on page 4710 ff., C. Bolm et al. report on the use of ball milling in asymmetric organocatalysis. The effects of concentration, water, and impurities on the reaction outcome are also discussed.





Titanium-Containing Polytungstates

In their Full Paper on page 4733 ff., U. Kortz et al. describe a new member of the small class of titanium-containing polytungstates. Synthesis of the compound, stability, and electrochemical behavior of the salts were studied and complemented by oxidation catalysis studies.